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Highly Selective Heterochiral Supramolecular Polymerization of Thiophene-Fused Chiral [4*n*]Annulenes

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In nature, the stereochemistry that we can find for amino acids is L-form. This is a typical example of "homochirality" in nature. On the other hand, in the crystallization of racemic mixtures, more than 90% are racemates (heterochiral), and less than 10% are conglomerates (homochiral). Interestingly, in the case of supramolecular polymers,¹ where reversible non-covalent bonds connect the monomer units, it is known that they prefer a homochiral 1D arrangement due to the formation of helical assemblies.²

Here we report the first example of a highly selective heterochiral supramolecular polymer of thiophene-fused chiral [4*n*]annulene derivatives.³ Upon mixing the two optically resolved monomers, a white precipitate was observed. A microcrystal electron crystallography, combined with analytical HPLC, AFM, and various spectroscopic measurements suggested that the precipitate has a structure of 1D heterochiral supramolecular polymer. Interestingly, the origin of high stereoselectivity was attributable to strong antiparallel dipole interactions between the polarized conjugated planar moieties. This is a novel motif for driving supramolecular polymerization compared to conventional ones that prefer homochiral monomer sequences via hydrogen-bonding arrays. Besides, our previous studies have also shown that this monomer can be racemized upon photoirradiation by the emergence of Baird aromaticity.⁴ Based on this understanding, we succeeded in photopolymerization in a spatiotemporal manner.



Fig. Heterochiral 1D Supramolecular Polymerization by Racemization 1) T. Aida *et al.*, *Science* **2012**, *335*, 813. 2) a) Y. Ishida *et al.*, *JACS* **2002**, *124*, 14017. b) K. Sato *et al.*, *Chem. Sci.* **2014**, *5*, 136. 3) M. Ueda, T. Aoki *et al.*, *submitted*. 4) M. Ueda *et al.*, *Nature Commun*. **2017**, *8*, 346.