Building Heterodimer Porphyrin Capsules Bearing Different Number of Hydrogen Bond Function and Application to Aromatic Multi-Layer Structure

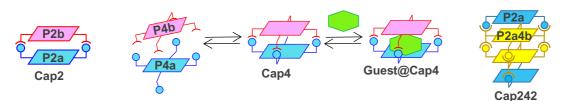
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We have achieved construction of self-assembled porphyrin dimer and trimer capsules.^{1,2} The capsules consisted of a pair of porphyrins bearing two or four benzoic acid or aminoquinoline units as H-bonding moieties at meso position, respectively, and could bind π -aromatic compounds, forming multi-layer π -aromatic structures. Here, we report kinetic and thermodynamic stabilities of two- and four- armed porphyrin dimers and their molecular recognition behaviors. Taking the results into account, we present construction of a higher order structure by using porphyrins featuring different numbers of the complementary H-bonding donor and acceptor pair.

Stabilities of porphyrin dimers: Two- and four- armed porphyrin dimers **Cap2** and **Cap4** quantitatively formed from the corresponding pairs of porphyrins in CDCl₃. In ¹H NMR spectra of an equimolar mixture of the pairs in a mixture of CDCl₃ and DMSO-*d*₆, the dimers and monomeric species were observed, respectively. **Cap4** is kinetically and thermodynamically more stable than **Cap2**. ¹H NMR titration experiments of the capsules and electron-deficient mono- and bicyclic aromatic guests revealed that recognition abilities of **Cap2** were ca. 10 times higher than those of **Cap4**.

Formation of porphyrin tetramer: We designed and synthesized porphyrin P2a4b, bearing two terephthalic acid and two aminoquinoline, for construction of porphyrin tetramer Cap242. Although P2a4b was not soluble in CDCl₃, the addition of an equimolar amount of the two-armed aminoquinolylporphyrin P2a and DMSO- d_6 solution of aromatic guest resulted in homogeneous solution. The ¹H NMR spectrum of the mixture featured complexes formed from Cap242 and the guest molecule(s).



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