

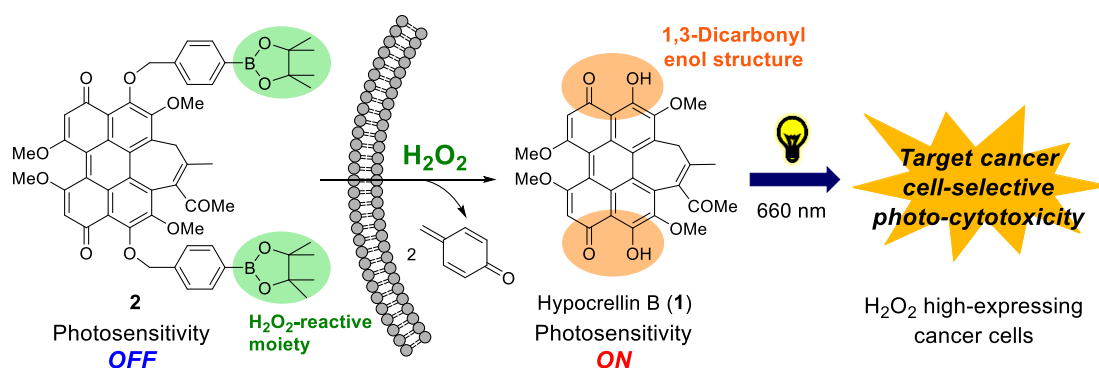
## Creation of H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>-Activatable Photosensitizer based on Hypocrellin B

(Faculty of Science and Technology, Keio University) ○Takashi Kitamura, Hirotaka Nakata, Daisuke Takahashi, Kazunobu Toshima

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Stimuli activatable photosensitizers, which can turn on their photosensitizing ability by reacting with a specific biomarker expressed in the target tissues, have great potential for minimizing non-specific photodamage to healthy tissues during and after photodynamic therapy (PDT). In this context, we focused on a natural perylenequinone dye hypocrellin B (**1**) as a core structure of an activatable photosensitizer, because **1** is a potent PDT agent with absorption at long-wavelength visible region,<sup>1</sup> and has a 1,3-dicarbonyl enol structure, which we recently found as a responsive substructure of photosensitizer to control its photosensitivity.<sup>2</sup> Herein, we report a molecular design, chemical synthesis, and biological evaluation of a tumor-related biomarker, H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>-activatable photosensitizer based on **1**.

Firstly, H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>-activatable photosensitizer **2** consisting of **1** and H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>-reactive boronic ester moieties conjugated to the hydroxyl group of **1** through a benzyl ether link, was designed. After chemical synthesis of **2**, its singlet oxygen (<sup>1</sup>O<sub>2</sub>) generating ability was evaluated under 660 nm light irradiation. The results showed that the <sup>1</sup>O<sub>2</sub> generating ability of **2** significantly decreased in comparison with that of **1**. Next, the reactivity of **2** against H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> was evaluated, indicating that **2** reacted with H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, and released **1**. Finally, the cytotoxicity of **2** against normal human-lung fibroblast WI-38 cells and mouse melanoma B16F10 cells, which express H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> at a higher concentration, was examined with or without photo-irradiation. As the results, it was found that **2** showed significant and selective cytotoxicity against targeted B16F10 cells only with photo-irradiation.



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- 2) T. Kitamura, S. Shiroshta, D. Takahashi, K. Toshima, *Chem. Eur. J.* **2020**, 26, 14351.