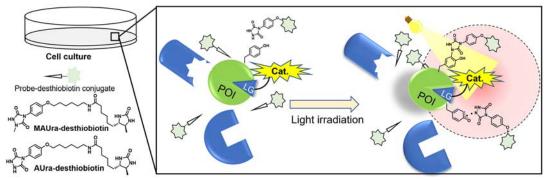
## Photocatalytic proximity labelling of ligand-binding proteins utilizing single-electron transfer mediate radical reaction

(<sup>1</sup> Laboratory for Chemistry and Life Science, Tokyo Institute of Technology, <sup>2</sup> School of Life Science and Technology, Tokyo Institute of Technology) ○ Aaron Li Hsin Chang<sup>1,2</sup>, Michihiko Tsushima<sup>1,2</sup>, Hiroyuki Nakamura<sup>1</sup>

**Keywords**: Photocatalyst; Protein chemical labelling; Ligand-directed proximity labelling; endogenous protein; Visible light

Small molecule target identification traditionally relies on *in vitro* affinity-based purification analysis. To study endogenous proteins in the cellular environment, serval chemical labelling and profiling methods utilizing affinity-guided catalyst chemistry have been developed.<sup>1,2</sup> However, few such techniques are capable of endogenous protein labelling. We recently reported a ruthenium photocatalyst-directed chemical labelling method with radical sensitive probes.<sup>3</sup> However, it has been limited to *in vitro* due to its low membrane permeability and high cytotoxicity. To overcome this difficulty, we set out to search for a combination of organic photocatalyst and radical sensitive probes for endogenous application of ligand-directed proximity labelling platform.

Based on the previously reported *in vitro* proximity labelling system of urazole probe, 1-methyl-4-arylurazole (MAUra),<sup>3</sup> and Ru(bpy)<sub>3</sub> complex, different urazole derivatives probes were screened for intracellular proximity labelling ability. Interestingly, urazole probes' labelling capability differs significantly from *in vitro* to intracellular conditions. Although MAUra was found to be the superior labelling probe for *in vitro* system, 4-arylurazole (AUra) was discovered to be a better candidate for intracellular radical proximity labelling reactions. Further organic photosensitizer screening with both MAUra and AUra probes for the labelling platform optimization will be presented.



- 1) Shiraiwa, K; Cheng, R.; Nonaka, H.; Tamura, T.; Hamachi, I., *Cell Chem. Biol.* **2020**, *27*. 970.
- 2) Tamura, T.; Song, Z.; Amaike, K.; Lee, S.; Yin, S.; Kiyonaka, S.; Hamachi, I. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2017, 139. 14181.
- 3) Sato, S.; Hatano, K.; Tsushima, M.; Nakamura, H. Chem. Commun. 2018, 54. 5871.