

Influence on Counter Anion of Cyclic Thioamidium Salts by Introduction Oxygen Functional Substituent in Iodine-mediated Cyclization of *o*-Ethynylthiobenzamide

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We have reported the formation of cyclic thioamidium salts using iodine-mediated cyclization reaction with *o*-ethynylthiobenzamides (Scheme 1) [1]. The cyclic compounds possess iodide (I^-) as a counter anion. But we also revealed the variation of counter anion (I^- and/or I_3^-) in the case of thiazole rings instead of thioamide moiety of **1** [2]. Herein we will report the reaction of the substrates with oxygen functional group on benzene ring of **1**.

When **1b** bearing methoxy group was treated with 1 mol-equivalent of I_2 , the cyclic thioamidium (**2b⁺**) was obtained as the precipitated in 65% yield with ratio of $I^- : I_3^- = 32 : 68$ as anion parts (Table 1, Entry 2). The yield and the ratio of anion were increased by using 2

mol-equivalent of I_2 (Entry 3). However, the ratio of counter anion decreased in the case of the substrate bearing acetoxy group (**1c**) (Entry 4). Thus, the ration of counter anion would be affected by the electronic character of the substituent. And the electron-donating substituents enhance the formation of the product with I_3^- counter anion. It would be caused by the stabilization ability of the substituent against the cyclic cation part. The structures of **2b⁺·I₃⁻** and **2c⁺·I⁻** were clarified by single-crystal X-ray analysis (Figure 1).

Scheme 1

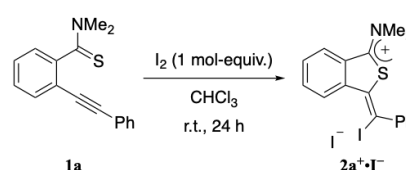


Table 1. Reaction of **1** with Iodine

Entry	Substrate	Equiv of I_2	Yield (%) ^{a)}
1	1a (R = H)	1.0	77% ($I^- : I_3^- = 100 : 0$)
2	1b (R = OMe)	1.0	65% ($I^- : I_3^- = 32 : 68$)
3	1b (R = OMe)	2.0	92% ($I^- : I_3^- = 7 : 93$)
4	1c (R = OAc)	1.0	81% ($I^- : I_3^- = 56 : 44$)

a) Yield and ration were determined by the estimation with weight of the precipitate and the elemental analysis.

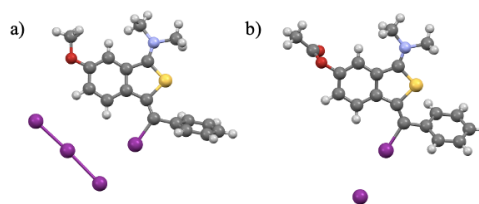


Figure 1. Single-crystal X-ray structures of a) **2b⁺·I₃⁻** and b) **2c⁺·I⁻**

[1] S. Matsumoto, D. Takada, H. Kageyama, M. Akazome, *Tetrahedron Lett.*, **55**, 1082 (2014).

[2] S. Matsumoto, R. Sumida, S. E. Tan, M. Akazome, *Heterocycles*, **93**, 755 (2018).