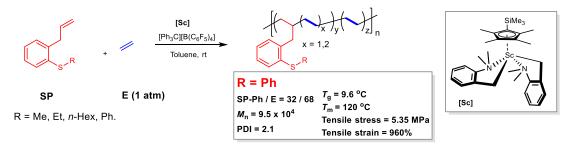
Synthesis of Self-Healing Elastomers by Scandium-Catalyzed Copolymerization of Ethylene with Thioether-Substituted Propylenes

(¹Advanced Catalysis Research Group, RIKEN Center for Sustainable Resource Science; ²Saitama University) OMingjun Chi,^{1,2} Hao Wang,¹ Lin Huang,¹ Haoran Zhang,¹ Xiaobin Lin,¹ Masayoshi Nishiura,¹ Zhaomin Hou^{1,2}

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The copolymerization of nonpolar and polar olefins in a controlled fashion is of great interest and importance. We recently reported the sequence-controlled copolymerization of ethylene (**E**) and anisyl-substituted propylenes (**AP**) by a half-sandwich scandium catalyst, which afforded unique multiblock copolymers composed of relatively long **E**-*alt*-**AP** sequences and short **E**-**E** sequences.^{1,2} Such microstructure-regulated polymers exhibited excellent elasticity and self-healing properties because of the microphase separation of nanodomains of the crystalline **E**-**E** segments from a flexible **E**-*alt*-**AP** matrix. To further investigate the influences of heteroatom functional groups on the copolymerization and the mechanical and self-healing properties of the resulting copolymers, we then examined the analogous copolymerizations by using various heteroatom-functionalized proylenes.

Herein we report the scandium-catalyzed copolymerization of ethylene (E) with thioethersubstituted propylenes (SP) having different substituents (Me, Et, *n*-Hex, Ph) at the sulfur atom. The copolymerization afforded unique multi-block copolymers with relatively long alternating E-*alt*-SP and E-E-SP sequences and short E-E blocks. The copolymers with phenylthio substituent (SP-Ph) exhibited excellent elasticity and remarkable self-healing property, because of the microphase separation of nanodomains of the crystalline E-E segments from very flexible E-*alt*-SP-Ph and E-E-SP-Ph matrices.



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