

Immobilization of Terbium Complex on Solid Surface with Chiral Moiety

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Chiral metal complexes immobilized on solid surfaces are promising for chiral materials such as solid chiral sensors and heterogeneous asymmetric catalysts. The preparation of a new chiral coordination structure on silica solid surface was investigated by the chirality induction of an achiral metal complex and a solid surface modified with chiral moieties. In this study, we report the efficient chirality induction of an achiral Tb complex (**R1**_{Tb}) on a SiO₂ surface modified with chiral ligands (denoted as **L(R/S)/SiO₂**, Figure 1).

A Tb complex with a

bulky ligand connecting *t*-

butyl groups (***t*-Bu1**_{Tb}) was

used for the attachment of

chirality-modified silica

surface (Figure 1). A

triazacyclononane-based

tris-phenol with *t*-butyl

group (***t*-BuMeArOH**)₃tacn

was newly synthesized

and characterized by ¹H

NMR and ESI-MS. (***t*-**

BuMeArOH)₃tacn was

reacted with Tb(OTf)₃ under

basic conditions in DMF,

and the UV-vis absorption

spectra of the obtained

crude product showed the

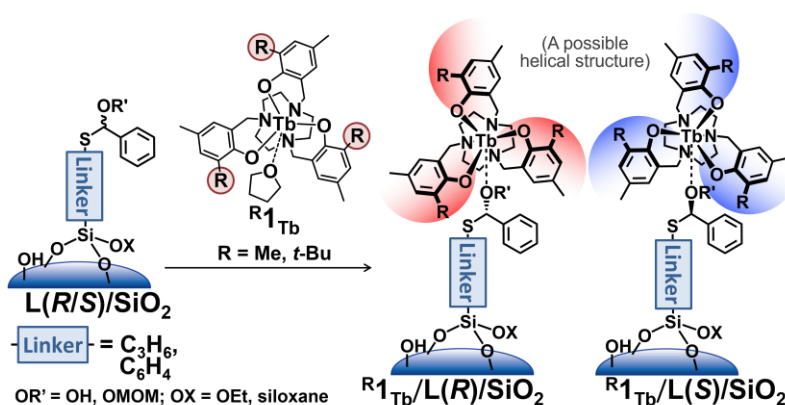


Figure 1. The preparation scheme of **R1**_{Tb} on **L(R/S)/SiO₂**.

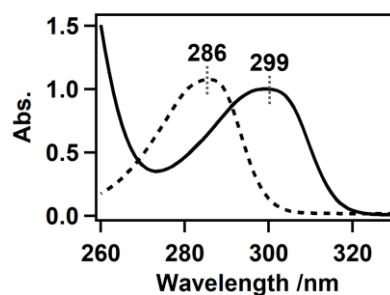


Figure 2. Solution-state UV-vis spectra of (***t*-BuMeArOH**)₃tacn (dashed line, 1.3 × 10⁻⁴ M in CH₂Cl₂) and that reacted with Tb(OTf)₃ (solid line, 0.20 mg/mL in CH₂Cl₂).