Japan Geoscience Union Meeting 2014 (28 April - 02 May 2014 at Pacifico YOKOHAMA, Kanagawa, Japan) ©2014. Japan Geoscience Union. All Rights Reserved.



PEM07-P01

Room:Poster

VLF subionospheric disturbances and electrical properties of lightning discharges observed by JEM-GLIMS mission

KAKINUMA, Kanata^{1*}; HOBARA, Yasuhide¹; USHIO, Tomoo²; SATO, Mitsuteru³; MORIMOTO, Takeshi⁴; TAKA-HASHI, Yukihiro⁵; SUZUKI, Makoto⁶

¹Graduate School of Informatics and Communication Eng., The University of Electro-Communications, ²Information and communication engineering department, Osaka University, ³Department of Cosmoscience, Hokkaido University, ⁴Faculty of Science and Engineering, Kinki University, ⁵Department of Cosmosciences, Graduate School of Science, Hokkaido University, ⁶Institute for Space and Astronautical Sciences, Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency

In this paper we report the preliminary results of ionospheric perturbation and causative lightning discharges observed by JEM-GLIMIS mission to study the electromagnetic coupling mechanism between the tropospheric lightning and overlaying ionosphere. Continuous nadir optical observations of lightning discharges are performed by ISS JEM-GLIMS mission and many lightning images have been observed globally. Ionospheric perturbations and electrical properties of causative lightning discharges such as polarity and vertical charge moment changes are derived by the data from UEC's ground-based observation networks of VLF/LF transmitter signal reception and of ELF waveforms respectively. We discuss the electrical coupling efficiencies from the tropospheric lightning to the ionosphere by comparing the area of the lightning flash and corresponding subionospheroic VLF disturbances and lightning properties.

Keywords: Transient Luminous Events, lightning discharges, GLIMS, ionospheric perturbation, charge moment