## Japan Geoscience Union Meeting 2015

(May 24th - 28th at Makuhari, Chiba, Japan)

©2015. Japan Geoscience Union. All Rights Reserved.



SCG61-P01

Room:Convention Hall

Time:May 27 18:15-19:30

## Coseismic discharge of hot spring water due to the 2014 Northern Nagano earthquake

SATO, Tsutomu<sup>1\*</sup>; OCHI, Tadafumi<sup>1</sup>; TAKAHASHI, Masaaki<sup>1</sup>; MATSUMOTO, Norio<sup>1</sup>; KAZAHAYA, Kohei<sup>1</sup>; TAKAHASHI, Hiroshi<sup>1</sup>; INAMURA, Akihiko<sup>1</sup>; HANDA, Hiroko<sup>1</sup>; MORIKAWA, Noritoshi<sup>1</sup>; NAKAMA, Atsuko<sup>1</sup>

On November 22, 2014, the Mw6.2 (Mj6.7) earthquake occurred in the northern part of Nagano Prefecture. Next morning, an anomalous discharge of hot spring water and gas was found in 8 km north of the epicenter. As the result of our survey on December 2, the water temperature was 26.4 degree-C, and the flow rate was 75 L/min. The major chemical composition of hot spring water and gas were sodium bicarbonate and methane, respectively.

Keywords: the 2014 Northern Nagano earthquake, hot spring water discharge, coseismic hydrological change

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Geological Survey of Japan, AIST