

# アイソトポログのメタンを包接するクラスレートハイドレートのラマン分光分析

## Raman spectroscopic analysis of isotopologue methane hydrates

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Raman spectroscopy is one of the useful tool to get information of gas hydrate crystals. Natural gas hydrates in submarine/sublacustrine sediment mainly encage methane. Methane molecule is composed of carbon and hydrogen, and three kinds of isotopologues,  $^{12}\text{CH}_4$ ,  $^{13}\text{CH}_4$ , and  $\text{CH}_3\text{D}$  exist in nature. Ozeki *et al.* (2018) first reported Raman spectra of  $\text{CH}_3\text{D}$  and  $\text{CD}_4$  hydrates and compared with  $\text{CH}_4$  (mainly  $^{12}\text{CH}_4$ ) hydrate. We report Raman spectra of  $^{13}\text{CH}_4$  hydrate and summarize Raman spectra of isotopologue methane hydrates.

$^{13}\text{CH}_4$  hydrate sample was synthesized in a small pressure cell (volume: 5 mL). Fine ice powder (1g) was put in the pressure cell, and introduced appropriate amount of  $^{13}\text{CH}_4$  (purity: 99.5%, Taiyo-Nissan).  $^{13}\text{CH}_4$  hydrate was formed by melting the fine ice powder at the temperature of 273.2 K under high pressure of  $^{13}\text{CH}_4$ . We retrieved the hydrate sample at 77 K and its Raman spectra was obtained at 123 K in the range 2,500-3,300  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  using a Raman spectrometer (RMP-210, JASCO Corporation). The Raman peaks were fitted in the range 2,800-3,000  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  for the C-H stretching peaks of methane using a Voigt function to obtain the integrated intensities of the two peaks corresponding to methane encaged in the large and small cages of the cubic structure I.

Raman shifts for the C-H stretching and bending modes of  $^{13}\text{CH}_4$  was 0.8  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  and 14  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  smaller than those of  $^{12}\text{CH}_4$ , respectively, suggesting that  $^{13}\text{C}$ -H bonds affect its vibrational frequency. Hydration number of  $^{13}\text{CH}_4$  was estimated as  $6.00 \pm 0.02$ , almost the same as that of  $^{12}\text{CH}_4$  ( $6.02 \pm 0.02$ ). Therefore, Cage occupancies of  $^{13}\text{CH}_4$  and  $^{12}\text{CH}_4$  hydrates showed no difference between them.

### Reference

Ozeki T, Kikuchi Y, Takeya S, Hachikubo A (2018) Phase equilibrium of isotopologue methane hydrates enclathrated  $\text{CH}_3\text{D}$  and  $\text{CD}_4$ . J Chem Eng Data 63(6): 2266-2270, doi: 0.1021/acs.jced.8b00203

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