

Generation Mechanism of Non-thermal Continuum Radiation

*Yoshiharu Omura¹, Miroslav Horky^{1,2}

1. Reserach Institute for Sustainable Humanosphere, Kyoto University, 2. Department of Space Physics, Institute of Atmospheric Physics, Czech Academy of Sciences

We study a possible nonlinear mechanism which could be responsible for generation of the non-thermal continuum radiation. We propose a theoretical model and perform numerical simulations using a 2-D electromagnetic particle code (KEMPO2) [1] to verify the mechanism [2]. In the simulation system, we have density gradient and ring beam electrons in the dense region as a source of electrostatic waves through ring-beam instability. These electrostatic waves cause non-gyrotropy of the ring velocity distribution which is necessary for generation of the harmonic waves. Velocity component V_y together with magnetic field B_z of the generated Z-mode waves creates Lorentz force in the x-direction (along the magnetic field). Hence, oscillating energetic electrons work as an antenna emitting O-mode waves to the low density region. Electromagnetic O-mode waves are emitted at harmonics of the cyclotron frequency up to the maximal plasma frequency of the high density region, and they are observed as non-thermal continuum radiation in the low density region.

References:

- [1] M. Horky, Y. Omura, and O. Santolik, Particle simulation of electromagnetic emissions from electrostatic instability driven by an electron ring beam on the density gradient, *Physics of Plasmas* 25, 042905, doi: 10.1063/1.5025912, 2018.
- [2] M. Horky, and Y. Omura, Novel nonlinear mechanism of the generation of non-thermal continuum radiation, *Physics of Plasmas* 26, 2019.

Keywords: wave-particle interaction, nonlinear process, plasma_pause