

Hydrological Simulation of Vallay formation in Hesperian Marsian Surface

*Yosuke Yamashiki¹, Hiroaki Sato³, Ryusuke Kuroki¹, Hideaki Miyamoto², Ryodo Hemmi²

1. Global Water Resources Assessment Laboratory - Yamashiki Laboratory Graduate School of Advanced Integrated Studies in Human Survivability Kyoto University, 2. Graduate School of Engineering, The University of Tokyo, 3. Faculty of Engineering, Kyoto University

It is considered that the Mars in Noachian epoch was much warmer temperature than current condition, with atmosphere and ocean supported by its magnetic activity. Several valley which seems to be developed by ancient hydrological processes are observed in Marsian surface, is being considered to be built long time before. Some fluvial fan was formed during the following Hesperian epoch, which is considered as much cooler and drier than Noachian epoch. In this study, we applied Hydro-debris 2D model into Marsian surface in Hesperian epoch in order to try developing surface valley formation throughout hydrological processes.

Keywords: Mars, Hesperian epoch, Hydro-Debris 2D