An observing system simulation experiment for FORMOSAT-5/AIP probing topside ionospheric plasma irregularities by using DEMETER/IAP

Jann-Yenq Liu^{1,2}, *Yang-Yi Sun¹, Chi-Kuang Chao¹, Shih-Ping Chen¹, Michel Parrot³

1. Graduate Institute of Space Science, National Central University, Taoyuan, Taiwan, 2. Center for Space and Remote Sensing Research, National Central University, Taoyuan, Taiwan, 3. LPCE/CNRS, Orleans, France

In this paper, the ion density probed by IAP (Instrument d' Analyse du Plasma) on board the DEMETER (Detection of Electro-Magnetic Emissions Transmitted from Earthquake Regions) satellite is used to find whether the science payload of advanced ionospheric probe (AIP) on board FORMOSAT-5 can be employed to observe space weather of ionospheric plasma irregularities. It is found that the low-latitude irregularities within $\pm 15^{\circ}$ dip latitudes of the DEMETER/IAP ion density are nighttime phenomena, and become prominent in South America–Central Africa sector almost all the year round, especially during May-August. The high-latitude irregularities of the DEMETER/IAP ion density appear around $\pm 65^{\circ}$ dip latitude worldwide in both daytime and nighttime, and become very intense in the winter and equinox month/hemisphere. Results of DEMETER/IAP show that FORMOSAT-5/AIP can be used to monitor space weather of ionospheric plasma irregularities in not only the low- but also high-latitude ionosphere.

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