

## Time-resolved analysis of shock-driven structure transformation of forsterite single crystals using power laser and x-ray free electron laser

\*Takuo Okuchi<sup>1</sup>, Narangoo Purevjav<sup>1</sup>, Norimasa Ozaki<sup>2</sup>, Yusuke Seto<sup>3</sup>, Yoshinori Tange<sup>4</sup>, Toshimori Sekine<sup>5</sup>, Takeshi Matsuoka<sup>6</sup>, Kenjiro Takahashi<sup>6</sup>, Yuichi Inubushi<sup>4</sup>, Makina Yabashi<sup>7</sup>, Kazuo Tanaka<sup>2</sup>, Ryosuke Kodama<sup>2,6</sup>

1. Institute for Planetary Materials, Okatama Univ., 2. Faculty of Engineering, Osaka Univ., 3. Faculty of Science, Kobe Univ., 4. JASRI/SPring-8, 5. Faculty of Science, Hiroshima Univ., 6. Photon Pioneers Center, Osaka Univ., 7. RIKEN SPring-8 Center

**We analysed time-resolved structure evolution of shock-compressed single crystals of forsterite using power laser and x-ray free electron laser at SACLA, SPring-8. It was indicated from these results that forsterite structure (orthorhombic) transforms into ringwoodite structure (cubic spinel) in very fast time scale of few nanoseconds, which has implication on the origin of ringwoodite observed in meteorites.**

Keywords: forsterite, ringwoodite, x-ray free electron laser, laser-driven shock compression, high-speed collision