

## Pd/Co/Pt 積層構造における磁性の電界制御

## Electric field control of magnetism in Pd/Co/Pt multilayer

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Recently, control of magnetic properties of ferromagnetic metals by applying gate electric field with a capacitor structure has attracted attention in the research field of spintronics<sup>1,2</sup>. An electric field control of an electron density at the surface of a ferromagnetic metal adjacent to a gate insulator layer plays a main role to cause the change in the magnetic properties of the system. On the other hand, it is known that the magnetic moment is induced in a layer made of Pd, which is normally a non-magnetic element, by contacting it with that of a ferromagnetic transition metal element<sup>3</sup>. Here we report a control of the induced magnetic moment in the Pd layer by applying an electric field.

We deposited MgO/Pd(1.7 nm)/Co( $t_{\text{Co}}$ )/Pt(4.1)/Ta from the surface side on an intrinsic Si substrate by rf sputtering. To apply large electric field to the Pd layer, we fabricated a capacitor structure with a polymer film containing an ionic liquid<sup>2</sup> to form an electric double layer by applying a gate voltage ( $V_G$ ). Figure shows the temperature ( $T$ ) dependence of the perpendicular component of the magnetic moment ( $m_{\perp}$ ) under the application of  $V_G$  of 0 V (black), +2.5 V (red), -2.0 V (blue) for sample with  $t_{\text{Co}}=0.24$  nm (positive  $V_G$  corresponds to the increase of the electron density in the Pd layer.) When  $T$  was sufficiently below the Curie temperature, the  $V_G$ -dependent change in  $m_{\perp}$  was observed. This indicates that the induced magnetic moment in the Pd layer could be modulated by  $V_G$ , because only the electron density at the surface of the Pd layer is considered to be controlled by  $V_G$ . The reproducibility of the result was confirmed in similar samples. The  $t_{\text{Co}}$  dependence of the electric field effect in this system will be also discussed.

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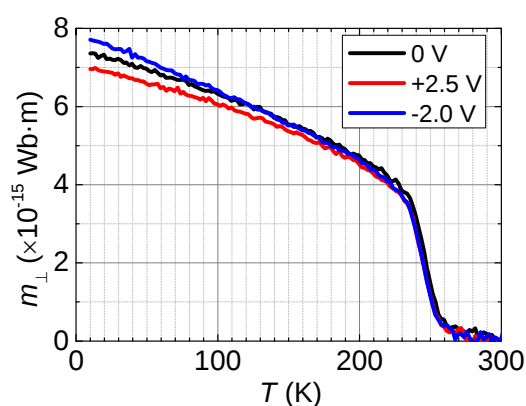


Figure 1  $T$  dependence of  $m_{\perp}$  under the application of  $V_G$  of 0 V, +2.5 V, -2.0 V

<sup>1</sup> D. Chiba *et al.*, *Nature Mater.* **10**, 853 (2011).

<sup>2</sup> K. Shimamura *et al.*, *Appl. Phys. Lett.* **100**, 122402 (2012).

<sup>3</sup> F. J. A. den Broeder *et al.*, *J. Appl. Phys.* **61**, 4317 (1987).