

Perpendicular Magnetic Anisotropy in $L1_0$ - $\text{Mn}_{1-x}\text{Co}_x\text{Al}$ Thin Films

[○]Kenta Watanabe^{*}, Mikihiro Oogane, Miho Kubota, and Yasuo Ando

(Department of Applied Physics, Tohoku University)

^{*}E-mail: kenta.w@mlab.apph.tohoku.ac.jp

Magnetic materials with a high perpendicular magnetic anisotropy (K_u), a low magnetic damping and a low saturation magnetization (M_s) are required for Giga-bit STT-MRAM applications. We focus on $L1_0$ -ordered MnAl alloy with a high K_u (1.5×10^7 erg/cc) and a relatively small M_s (550 emu/cc) [1]. However, fabrication conditions, such as preparation temperature, pressure of sputtering Ar gas and etc., to obtain $L1_0$ -ordered MnAl thin films are tightly restricted. In our previous work, we found that substitution of a small amount of Co for Mn was great useful to obtain $L1_0$ -ordered thin films [2]. In this study, we have systematically investigated the crystal and magnetic properties in $\text{Mn}_{1-x}\text{Co}_x\text{Al}$ films with various Co content (x).

All thin films were prepared by UHV-DC/RF magnetron sputtering system. The film structure was MgO (100) sub. / CrRu (40 nm) / $\text{Mn}_{1-x}\text{Co}_x\text{Al}$ (50 nm) / Ta (5 nm). Co content (x) in $\text{Mn}_{1-x}\text{Co}_x\text{Al}$ layers was varied from 0 to 0.08. Substrate temperature (T_s) during deposition of $\text{Mn}_{1-x}\text{Co}_x\text{Al}$ layers was varied as $T_s = 200 \sim 400^\circ\text{C}$. Structural and magnetic properties were respectively measured by XRD and SQUID.

We confirmed from XRD measurements that $\text{Mn}_{1-x}\text{Co}_x\text{Al}$ films with $x = 0 - 0.08$ showed (001)-orientation and $L1_0$ -ordering. Peaks of (001) and (002) for $\text{Mn}_{1-x}\text{Co}_x\text{Al}$ gradually shifted to higher angle with increasing Co content x . $\text{Mn}_{1-x}\text{Co}_x\text{Al}$ films with $x = 0 - 0.08$ were perpendicularly magnetized at optimized T_s . Fig. 1 shows Co content x dependences of perpendicular magnetic anisotropy energy and saturation magnetization. Although both K_u and M_s were decreased with increasing x , very large K_u of ca. 9 Merg/cc was obtained at $x = 0.03$. The $\text{Mn}_{0.97}\text{Co}_{0.03}\text{Al}$ films with very large K_u are promising candidate of ferromagnetic electrodes for nano-scaled MTJs.

This work was supported by Research and Development Project for ICT key technology to realize future societies by MEXT and grand-in-aid for scientific research S (No.24226001).

References:

- [1] M. Hosoda, M. Oogane *et al.*, J. Appl. Phys., 111, 07A324 (2012).
- [2] K. Watanabe, M. Oogane *et al.*, JSAP spring meeting (2016).

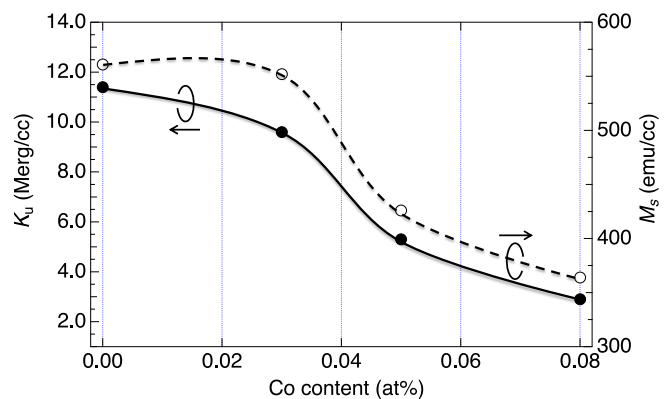


Fig. 1 Co content dependences of K_u and M_s in $L1_0$ -ordered $\text{Mn}_{1-x}\text{Co}_x\text{Al}$ films.