

Measurements of Thermo-Optic Coefficients in Ta₂O₅ based micro-ring cavity

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Tantalum pentoxide (Ta₂O₅) of a large bandgap material has recently utilized to demonstrate nonlinear optical waveguide applications due to its superior linear and nonlinear optical properties [1][2], including low absorption loss coefficient in visible to infrared regions, high Kerr coefficients, and free of nonlinear absorption. In this work, the thermal-optical coefficient of tantalum pentoxide has been investigated experimentally by using a micro-ring resonator structure. Taking the advantage of index-sensitivity property of ring resonator, the material with ultralow thermal-optical coefficient is easily to be measured and analyzed by using a ring waveguide structure. The cross-section of Ta₂O₅ based micro-ring resonator is set as 1.5μm*0.7μm, and the diameter of ring resonator is set as 100μm. By increasing the substrate temperature of micro-ring resonator, the variation of resonant wavelength of micro-ring resonator is recorded accordingly. The central wavelength of micro-ring resonator is red-shifted from 1543.430 nm to 1543.586 nm when the substrate temperature increases from 20 to 40°C. By considering the thermal-optical and thermal expansion effect of micro-ring resonator, the thermal-optical coefficient of Ta₂O₅ is estimated to be 6.8×10^{-6} / K at ~1550 nm. The thermal-optical coefficient of Ta₂O₅ is ten times of magnitude less than those of conventional III-V semiconductors, indicating that Ta₂O₅ supports the development of thermal-insensitive devices, such as sub-multiplexer and filter element.

[1] C.-L. Wu, B.-T. Chen, Y.-Y. Lin, W.-C. Tien, G.-R. Lin, Y.-J. Chiu, Y.-J. Hung, A.-K. Chu, and C.-K. Lee, "Low-loss and high-Q Ta₂O₅ based micro-ring resonator with inverse taper structure," Opt. Express 23, 26268 (2015).

[2] C.-L. Wu, C.-H. Hsieh, G.-R. Lin, W.-C. Chi, Y.-J. Chiu, Y.-Y. Lin, Y.-J. Hung, M.-H. Shih, A.-K. Chu, and C.-K. Lee, "Tens of GHz Tantalum pentoxide-based micro-ring all-optical modulator for Si photonics," Ann. Phys. 529, 1600358 (2016).