

Plasma density jump for the control of coherent x-ray emission via BISER mechanism

KPSI, QST¹, Osaka University², Hiroshima University³

◦A. S. Pirozhkov¹, T. Zh. Esirkepov¹, A. Sagisaka¹, K. Ogura¹, N. Nakanii¹, K. Huang¹, T. A. Pikuz²,
A. Ya. Faenov², S. Namba³, I. Daito¹, Y. Fukuda¹, J. K. Koga¹, H. Kiriya¹, K. Kondo¹,
T. Kawachi¹, and M. Kando¹

E-mail: pirozhkov.alexander@qst.go.jp

We have discovered Burst Intensification by Singularity Emitting Radiation (BISER) [1], a new phenomenon which in particular results in bright coherent x-ray generation by relativistic plasma singularities driven by a multi-terawatt femtosecond laser focused onto a gas jet target [2], [3]. Singularities are produced in plasma by the laser pulse which pushes electrons creating an electron-free cavity and bow wave [4]. The singularities at the joining of the cavity wall and bow wave manifest themselves as point-like coherent x-ray emitters. A spontaneous BISER regime realized in previous experiments exhibits relatively large shot-to-shot fluctuations of the x-ray source position and low overall stability because the emission occurs after the relativistic self-focusing. However, stability is desirable for prospective applications of the new coherent x-ray source.

A tailored plasma density profile can help to control the BISER, as shown by our simulations with the PIC REMP code [5]. Here, we present an experiment with the plasma profile tailoring, where a shock in supersonic gas flow generates a sharp density up-jump. We demonstrate the BISER control using this density jump scheme and the J-KAREN-P laser [6]-[7]. In contrast to the spontaneous regime, here we obtain low-jitter x-ray source position and higher x-ray yield. Moreover, these advantages are achieved simultaneously in an optimized case. Our results represent a crucial step towards implementation of the next-generation bright compact coherent x-ray source. Further, they demonstrate the new technique of relativistic self-focusing control and its diagnostics.

We thank the J-KAREN-P laser operation group. We acknowledge the financial support from JSPS Kakenhi JP 25390135 and JP 26707031.

- [1] A. S. Pirozhkov, T. Zh. Esirkepov, *et al.*, "Burst intensification by singularity emitting radiation in multi-stream flows," *Scientific Reports* **7**, 17968 (2017).
- [2] A.S.Pirozhkov, *et al.* "Soft-X-Ray Harmonic Comb from Relativistic Electron Spikes" *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **108**, 135004 (2012).
- [3] A.S.Pirozhkov *et al.*, "High order harmonics from relativistic electron spikes" *New J. Phys.* **16**, 093003-30 (2014).
- [4] T. Zh. Esirkepov, Y. Kato, and S. V. Bulanov, "Bow Wave from Ultraintense Electromagnetic Pulses in Plasmas," *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **101**, 265001-4 (2008).
- [5] T. Zh. Esirkepov, "Exact charge conservation scheme for Particle-in-Cell simulation with an arbitrary form-factor," *Comput. Phys. Comm.* **135**, 144-153 (2001).
- [6] H. Kiriya, *et al.*, "High-Contrast, High-Intensity Petawatt-Class Laser and Applications," *IEEE J.S.T.Quantum Electron.* **21**, 1601118-18 (2015).
- [7] A.S.Pirozhkov, *et al.* "Approaching the diffraction-limited, bandwidth-limited Petawatt" *Opt. Express* **25**, 20486 (2017).