ペンタセン単結晶における励起子エネルギー - 運動量分散関係の 低エネルギー角度分解電子エネルギー損失分光法による計測

Exciton E-K Dispersion in Single Crystal Pentacene

Measured by Low-energy Angle-resolved Electron Energy-loss Spectroscopy

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Management of exciton behaviors in organic semiconductor materials is of a keen demand for efficient development of organic opto-electronic devices. Excitons in molecular solids are generally regarded as a textbook example for Frenkel-type ones owing to localized characters of the electronic wave functions within individual molecules. However, inter-molecular delocalization of the electronic states has been confirmed for a number of crystalline molecular species [1], and the exciton characteristics in such "band transport" organic semiconductors potentially deviate from those of the conventional Frenekel exciton. In this study, the exciton energy - momentum (*E*-**K**) dispersion for the single crystal pentacene, in which the electronic band dispersion was experimentally observed [2], was observed by means of angle-resolved electron energy-loss spectroscopy (AR-EELS) [3] using a moderate primary electron energy ($E_p \sim 10 \text{ eV}$).

Figure 1 shows the AR-EELS spectra taken in the Γ -X direction of the single crystal pentacene. Peaks in an electron kinetic energy range of 8.2 - 8.4 eV, which corresponds approximately to the energy-loss of 1.9 - 2.0 eV, is attributable to the inter-band electronic excitation of the single crystal penacene. It was exhibited that the peak position of the energy-loss feature shifted by several 10 meV to the low kinetic

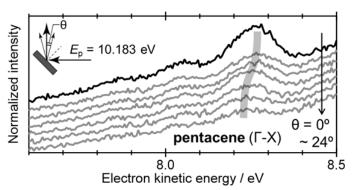


Fig. 1: AR-EELS spectra of a single crystal sample of pentacene taken along the Γ -X direction.

energy side as inclining the electron scattering angle θ with respect to the specular direction, indicating the presence of the *E*-**K** dispersion of the exciton. AR-EELS results for other crystallographic directions of pentacene will also be presented in this contribution.

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[3] H. Ibach, et al., Rev. Sci. Instrum. 88 (2017) 033903.