AHA-AEPC-JSPCCS-TSPC Joint Symposium

Current Management of Severe CHF by Mechanical Support and Cardiac Transplant

座長:
安河内 聰 (長野県立こども病院)
小野 稔 (東京大学医学部)
Eero Jokinen (Department of Pediatrics, Division of Paediatricc, Helsinki University Children’s Hospital, Finland)

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AJS-01~AJS-05

所属正式名称：安河内聰(長野県立こども病院循環器センター)、小野稔(東京大学医学部 心臓外科)、Euro Jokinen(Children’s Hospital University of Helsinki, Finland)

[AJS-02]Experience in Choice of Mechanical Support in Pediatric Group and the Result of Transplantation for Complex Congenital Heart Disease

○Yih-Sharng Chen (Pediatric Cardiovascular Surgery, National Taiwan University Hospital, Taiwan)

Severe congestive heart failure (CHF) is a devastating situation in managing the patients with heart disease, especially for those with congenital heart problem. The condition is associated with a high rate of morbidity and mortality and places a significant burden on families of affected children and to society as a whole. Pharmacological therapy was limited for children or neonates with severe CHF. Heart transplantation is the treatment of choice, however, the in-time donor heart supply is most impossible. Mechanical support is the only way to keep CHF patients alive for further possibility for heart transplantation. The mechanical support for the pediatric group is not well developed because the coagulation issue and the size of the device. Extracorporeal membrane oxygenation seems to be the fast and simple device for short-term survival. It can be applied for the emergency setting, even under resuscitation. The predominant role of these devices has been as a bridge to heart transplantation, and excellent results are currently achieved for most children with cardiomyopathies. There is an ongoing investigation to improve outcomes in high-risk populations, such as small infants and those with complex congenital heart disease, including patients with functionally univentricular hearts.

Since 1989, we started our pediatric heart transplantation program (Mechanical support is mandatory for pediatric group patients requiring heart transplantation, especially they are under critical status. Donor shortage is till the key issue for better survival in those under mechanical support.