2D Materials Heterostructures: Electronic and Optical Properties

Tony Low^{1*}

¹Department of Electrical & Computer Engineering, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, US *E-mail: <u>tlow@umn.edu</u>, Webpage: <u>http://tonylow.umn.edu/</u>

Abstract

There are currently about a thousand of materials known to exist in the 2D form, and they offers a wide range of interesting electrical and optical properties [1]. Semiconductors have been at the heart of some of the most transformative device innovations over the course of the last 50 years, and research in two-dimensional (2D) atomic crystals has recently begun to focus on their heterostructures. Concomitantly, there are hundreds of different 2D materials and their permutations amount to numerous combinations of heterostructures. Certainly, theoretical exploration of these materials is needed to identify promising atomic heterostructures for device applications since depending on the field of usage, the requirements for heterostructures' band alignments change [2]. Here, I will discuss basic concepts on governing physics of their band alignments, and its implications on electrical [2], mechanical [3] and optical properties [4,5].

Reference

- [1] Avouris P, Heinz TF, Low T, editors. 2D Materials. Cambridge University Press; 2017 Jun 29.
- [2] Özçelik VO, Azadani JG, Yang C, Koester SJ, Low T. Band alignment of two-dimensional semiconductors for designing heterostructures with momentum space matching. Physical Review B. 2016 Jul 11;94(3):035125.
- [3] Özçelik VO, Fathi M, Azadani JG, Low T. Tin monochalcogenide heterostructures as mechanically rigid infrared band gap semiconductors. Physical Review Materials. 2018 May 21;2(5):051003.
- [4] Chaves A, Azadani JG, Özçelik VO, Grassi R, Low T. Electrical control of inter-layer excitons in van der Waals heterostructures. arXiv preprint arXiv:1709.08315. 2017 Sep 25.
- [5] Low T, Chaves A, Caldwell JD, Kumar A, Fang NX, Avouris P, Heinz TF, Guinea F, Martin-Moreno L, Koppens F. Polaritons in layered two-dimensional materials. Nature materials. 2017 Feb;16(2):182.