テトラフェニルエテン誘導体を基盤とした巨大空孔をもつ蛍光性 水素結合性有機フレームワークの構築

(阪大院基礎工)○山口 真生・鈴木 悠斗・桶谷 龍成・久木 一朗 Fluorescent Hydrogen-Bonded Organic Framework with Large Pore Composed of Tetraphenylethene Derivative (*Graduate School of Engineering Science, Osaka University*) ○ Mao Yamaguchi, Yuto Suzuki, Ryusei Oketani, Ichiro Hisaki

Hydrogen-bonded organic framework (HOF) can be obtained as single crystals due to their reversible bond formation. However, strength of hydrogen bonds is weak, and even for carefully designed molecules, the obtained structures are often against our expectations. In this work, I became interested in tetraphenylethene and designed its carboxylic acid derivative (Ter-CPE) with longer phenylene groups. We successfully obtained a HOF of Ter-CPE which has an eclipsed-stacking structure composed of two-dimensional network with a rhombic void (Fig.1). We will discuss the structure and properties of the HOF, compared with the previously reported HOFs of phenyl derivatives [1] and biphenyl derivatives. [2]

Keywords: Tetraphenylethene, hydrogen-bonded organic framework, Porous materials, aggregation-induced emission (AIE), isomorphous structure

HOF の構造と比較を行った。また、Ter-CPE の蛍光発 光特性、HOF の多孔性ついても評価した。

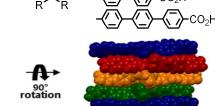


Fig 1. Crystal structure of HOF Ter-CPE

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