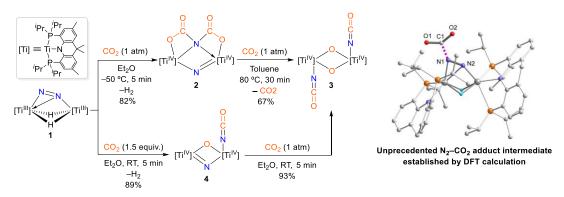
## Dinitrogen Cleavage and Functionalization by Carbon Dioxide at a Dititanium Dihydride Framework

(<sup>1</sup>Organometallic Chemistry Laboratory, RIKEN, <sup>2</sup>Advanced Catalysis Research Group, RIKEN, <sup>3</sup>School of Chemical Engineering, Dalian University of Technology, <sup>4</sup>PetroChina Petrochemical Research Institute) oQingde Zhuo<sup>1</sup>, Jimin Yang<sup>3</sup>, Zhenbo Mo<sup>1</sup>, Xiaoxi Zhou<sup>1</sup>, Takanori Shima<sup>1, 2</sup>, Yi Luo<sup>3, 4</sup>, and Zhaomin Hou<sup>1, 2</sup>

Keywords: Dinitrogen Functionalization; Carbon Dioxide; Dititanium Dihydride Framework

Dinitrogen (N<sub>2</sub>) and carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) are among the most inert molecules. The coupling of these two molecules through N–C bond formation and N–N and C–O bond cleavage is highly challenging and has not been reported previously.<sup>1</sup> We report here the reaction of a well-defined dinitrogen dititanium hydride complex (1)<sup>2</sup> with CO<sub>2</sub>, which involved not only N–C bond formation but also N–N and C–O bond cleavage (Scheme 1). Exposure of the dinitrogen dititanium hydride complex 1 with CO<sub>2</sub> (1 atm) at  $-50 \,^{\circ}$ C selectively yielded a nitrido/*N*,*N*-dicarboxylated-amido complex 2 through N<sub>2</sub> cleavage and dicarboxylation at one nitrogen atom. When 1 was mixed with 1.5 equiv of CO<sub>2</sub> at room temperature, a nitrido/oxo/isocyanate complex 4 was formed through N<sub>2</sub> cleavage, CO<sub>2</sub> partial deoxygenation and N=C double bond formation. The reaction of 4 with CO<sub>2</sub> (1 atm) at room temperature yielded the diisocyanate complex 3. While 2 did not react with CO<sub>2</sub> at room temperature, it was converted to 3 under 1 atm CO<sub>2</sub> at 80 °C. Computational studies revealed that the reaction was initiated by the nucleophilic attack of the N<sub>2</sub> unit in 1 to CO<sub>2</sub>.

Scheme 1



Previous studies on the reaction of N<sub>2</sub> with CO<sub>2</sub> without N–N and C–O bond cleavage: a) W. H. Bernskoetter, E. Lobkovsky, P. J. Chirik, *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed.* 2007, *46*, 2858. b) D. J. Knobloch, H. E. Toomey, P. J. Chirik, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2008, *130*, 4248. c) Y. Nakanishi, Y. Ishida, H. Kawaguchi, *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed.* 2017, *56*, 9193.

2) Z. Mo, T. Shima, Z. Hou, Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. 2020, 59, 8635.