

p-スチレンスルホン酸が配位した3,5-ビス(2-ピリジル)ピラゾール架橋イリジウム-銅二核錯体における分散力補正の効果に関する理論研究

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Theoretical study on the effect of dispersion correction in 3,5-bis(2-pyridyl)pyrazole-bridged binuclear iridium-copper complex with p-styrenesulfonate ligand (¹Faculty of Engineering Science, Osaka University, ²National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST), ³Graduate School of Engineering Science, Osaka University, ⁴Center for Spintronics Research Network, Osaka University, Graduate School of Engineering Science, Osaka University, ⁵Center for Quantum Information and Quantum Biology, Osaka University, ⁶Reserch Center for Solar Energy Chemistry (RCSEC), Graduate School of Engineering Science, Osaka University, ⁷Innovative Catalysis Science Division (ICS), OTRI, Osaka University) ○ Yuta Hayashi,¹ Yoshihiro Shimoyama,² Dachao Hong,² Yasutaka Kitagawa,^{3,4,5,6} Masayoshi Nakano^{3,4,5,6,7}

In theoretical geometry optimizations for systems with π - π interactions, the molecular structure changes significantly by the consideration of dispersion force correction, suggesting a strong effect on the estimation of reaction pathways.

In this study, the effect of dispersion force correction for the density functional theory (DFT) calculations is examined on a compound consists of bis(pyridyl)pyrazole (bpp) bridged heterodinuclear iridium-copper complex and p-styrenesulfonate ligand (StyreneS). The differences in optimized structures and energies are confirmed by comparing between with/without the dispersion force correction using D3 and D3BJ parameters. Calculated results show that the dispersion force correction considers the π - π interaction between the benzene ring of StyreneS and the bpp ligand, and estimates more appropriate structure for the reaction.

Keywords : density functional theory (DFT) calculation; dispersion force correction

π - π 相互作用の影響が大きい系では、分散力補正の有無によって分子の構造が大きく変わることがあり、反応経路の推定に大きな影響を及ぼす可能性がある¹⁾。

本研究では、分散力補正の効果による分子構造の変化を調べるために、p-スチレンスルホン酸 (StyreneS) が配位した3,5-ビス(2-ピリジル)ピラゾール (bpp) によって架橋されたイリジウム-銅ヘテロ二核錯体について、密度汎関数理論 (DFT) 計算を行った。具体的には、分散力補正なしの場合と、分散力補正としてD3とD3BJを用いた場合のそれぞれについて、最適化構造やエネルギーの違いを比較した。分散力補正により StyreneS のベンゼン環と bpp 配位子との間の π - π 相互作用が考慮され、より反応に適切な構造が得られることが示された。

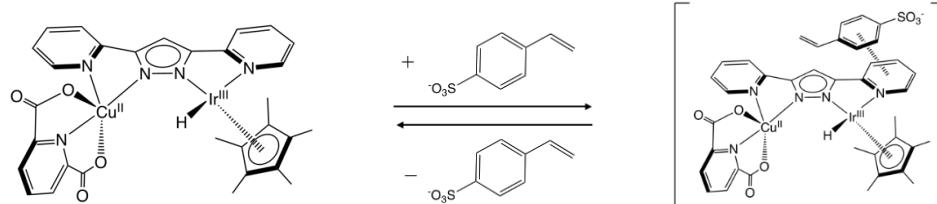


Fig1. 検討したイリジウム-銅二核錯体

1) Y. Shimoyama, Y. Kitagawa, Y. Ohgomori, Y. Kon, D. Hong, *Chem. Sci.* **2021**, *12*, 5796.