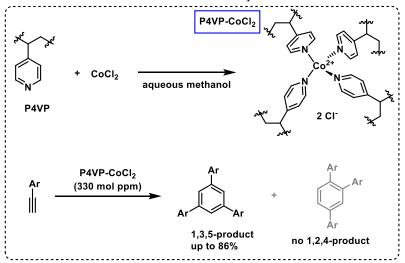
## Convoluted Polymer-Supported-Cobalt-Catalyzed Regioselective Cyclotrimerization of Aryl Alkynes

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**Keywords**: Poly(4-vinylpyridine); Cobalt catalysis; Heterogeneous catalysis; Regioselective reaction; Cyclotrimerization

Transition metal-catalyzed cyclotrimerization of aryl alkyne is a well-known reaction.<sup>1</sup> Among the transition metals, cobalt is one of the most commonly used metals.<sup>2</sup> The cobalt catalyzed cyclotrimerization usually afforded a mixture of 1,2,4-triarylbenzene and 1,3,5triarylbenzene where 1,3,5-triarylbenzene is obtained as a minor product. Contrarily, these C<sub>3</sub>symmetric 1,3,5-triarylbenzenes are useful because of their application as polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) and functional materials.<sup>3</sup> Unfortunately, used cobalt catalysts are not reusable and required high catalyst loading.

This time, we developed a poly(4-vinylpyridine), P4VP-self-supported novel, stable, and heterogeneous cobalt catalyst P4VP-CoCl<sub>2</sub> by using our molecular convolution method.<sup>4</sup> The structure was determined based on theoretical and experimental calculation. When the reaction of aryl acetylenes was carried out with 330 mol ppm of P4VP-CoCl<sub>2</sub> under neat conditions, exclusive 1,3,5-selective cyclotrimerization proceeded with up to 86% yield whereas no 1,2,4-selective product was obtained. The catalyst was recoverable and reusable. The catalyst tolerates gram-scale reactions. Functional materials were also synthesized. Details on substrate scope and mechanistic studies will be discussed in the presentation.



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