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プラズマ圏のコーヒーレントヒス放射の非線形成長理論 Nonlinear wave growth theory of coherent hiss emissions in the plasmasphere

大村 善治 ^{1*}; 中村 紗都子 ²; Summers Danny³; 疋島 充 ⁴; Kletzing Craig⁵ OMURA, Yoshiharu^{1*}; NAKAMURA, Satoko²; SUMMERS, Danny³; HIKISHIMA, Mitsuru⁴; KLETZING, Craig⁵

 1 京都大学生存圏研究所, 2 京都大学理学研究科, 3 ニューファウンドランド・メモリアル大学, 4 名古屋大学太陽地球環境研究所, 5 アイオワ大学天文物理学科

¹Research Institute for Sustainable Humanosphere, Kyoto University, ²GraduateSchool of Science, Kyoto University, ³Memorial university of Newfoundland, ⁴Solar-Terrestrial Environment Laboratory, Nagoya University, ⁵Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Iowa

Recent observations of plasmaspheric hiss emissions by the Van Allen Probes show that broadband hiss emissions in the plasmasphere comprise short-time coherent elements with rising and falling tone frequencies [1]. Based on nonlinear wave growth theory of whistler-mode chorus emissions [2], we examined the applicability of nonlinear theory to the coherent hiss emissions. We have generalized the derivation of optimum wave amplitudes for triggering rising tone chorus emissions for both falling and rising tone hiss elements. The amplitude profiles of the hiss emissions are well approximated by the optimum wave amplitudes for triggering rising or falling tones. Through formation of electron holes for rising tones and electron hills for falling tones, the coherent waves grow up to the optimum amplitudes. We find an excellent agreement between the optimum amplitudes and the observed amplitudes as a function of instantaneous frequency. We calculate nonlinear growth rates at the equator, and find that nonlinear growth rates for rising-tone emissions are much larger than the linear growth rates. The frequency sweep rates and time scales of observed hiss emissions also agree those predicted by the nonlinear theory. Based on the theory, we can infer properties of energetic electrons generating hiss emissions in the equatorial region of the plasmasphere.

[1] Summers, D., Y. Omura, S. Nakamura, and C. A. Kletzing (2014), Fine structure of plasmaspheric hiss, J. Geophys. Res. Space Physics, 119, 9134?9149,

doi:10.1002/2014JA020437.

[2] Omura Y., D. Nunn, and D. Summers (2012), Generation processes of whistler-mode chorus emissions: Current status of nonlinear wave growth theory, AGU Monograph "Dynamics of the Earth's Radiation Belts and Inner Magnetosphere", 10.1029/2012GM001347.

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